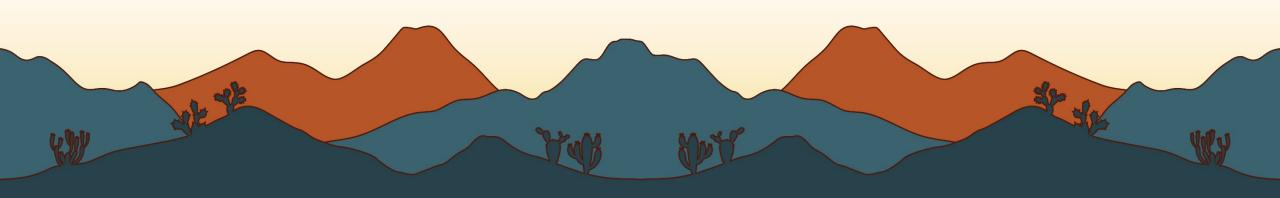
# 2017 NACSA LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE OUR CHOICES MATTER









## BENEFITS AND BOUNDARIES: DIVERSITY AND AUTHORIZING

OCTOBER 18, 2017 10:45 - 12:00

#### PANELIST INTRODUCTIONS

#### M. Karega Rausch

NACSA

#### Sonia Park

**Diverse Charter Schools Coalition** 

#### Kriste Dragon

Citizens of the World Charter Schools

#### **Elliot Smalley**

South Carolina Public Charter School District



#### GOALS: WALK AWAY BEING ABLE TO ANSWER...

- How are we doing as a profession, both within our authorizing shops and the schools we authorize?
- Are there policy barriers we, as systems leaders, need to attend to in order to promote greater equity and diversity?
- Are the ways in which we are holding schools accountable rigorous enough for all students, and inclusive enough that we are getting a full picture of student and community success?
- How might we better structure our shops to promote diversity, equity, inclusion, and high achievement for all students?



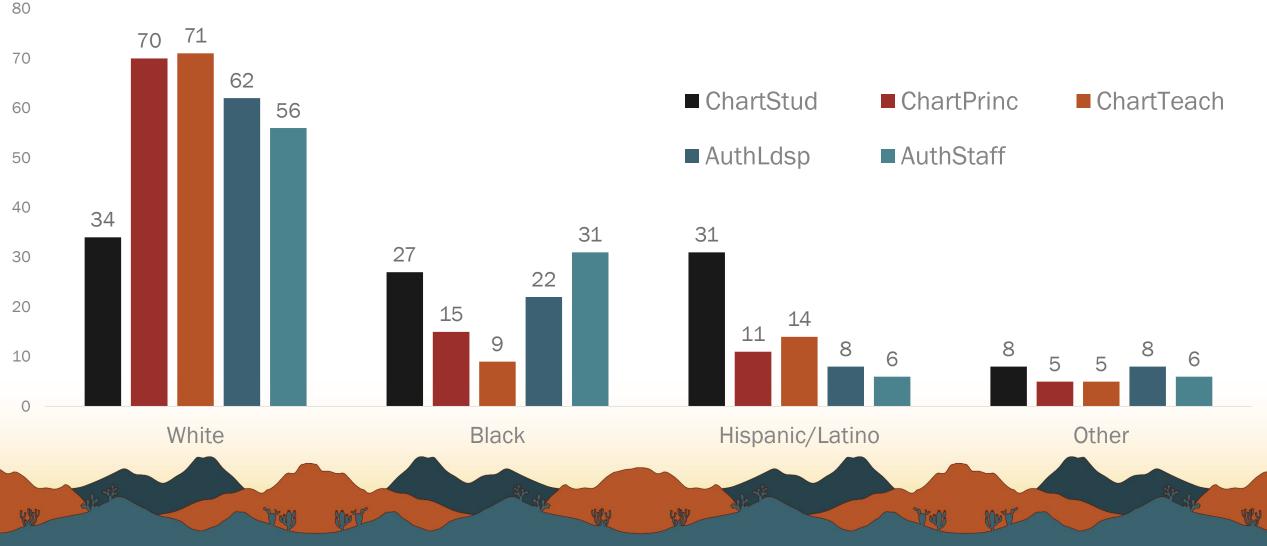
#### AGENDA

- Context Setting
- Authorizing & Diversity: Policy Barriers
- Authorizing & Diversity: Broadening Success
- Authorizing & Diversity: Practice Challenges





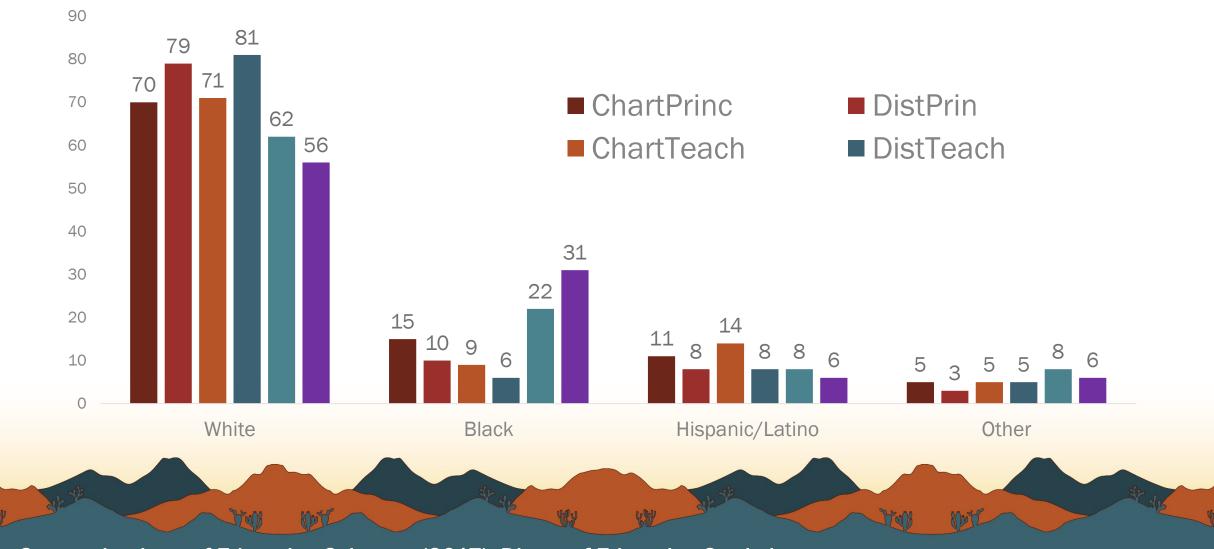
#### Charter School Actors Compared to Charter Student Demographics



Sources: Institute of Education Sciences (2017), Digest of Education Statistics (Student, Principal, Teacher data); NACSA Survey of Large Authorizers (2016) (authorizer leadership and staff data)

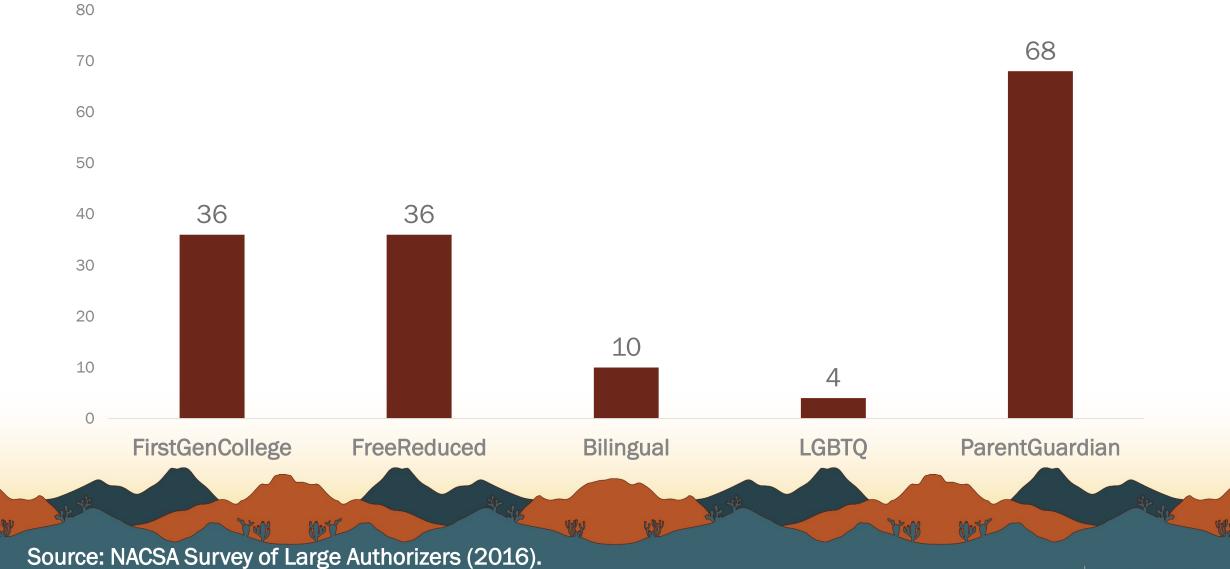


#### **Charter and District Actor Comparisons**





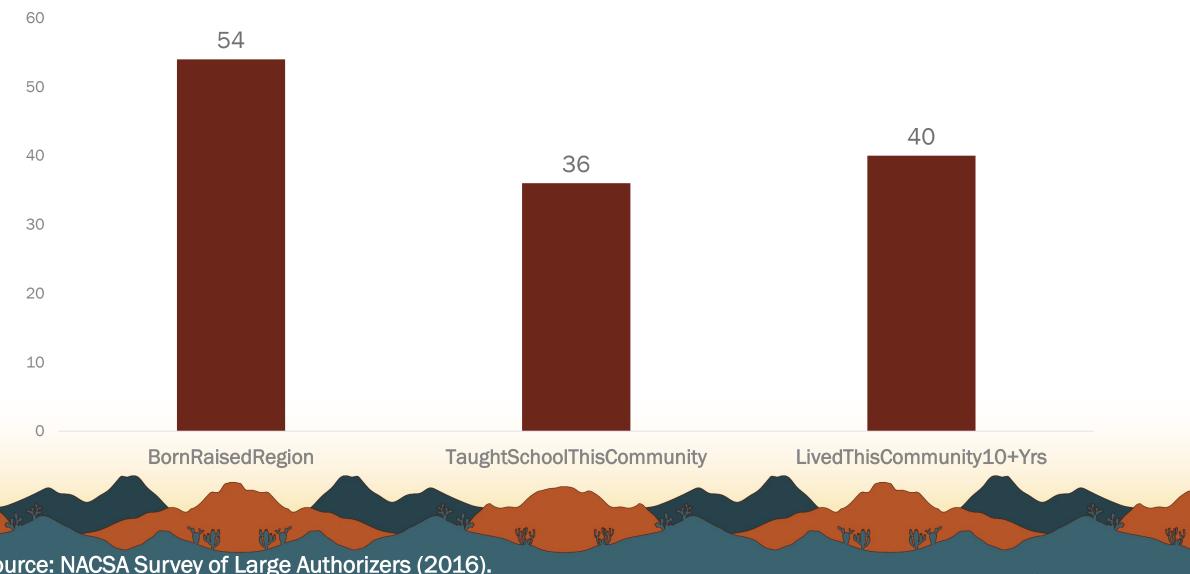
#### CONTEXT SETTING: DIVERSITY IN OUR SHOPS



Note that responses are from authorizing shop leaders (directors, executive directors), not staff in authorizing shops.



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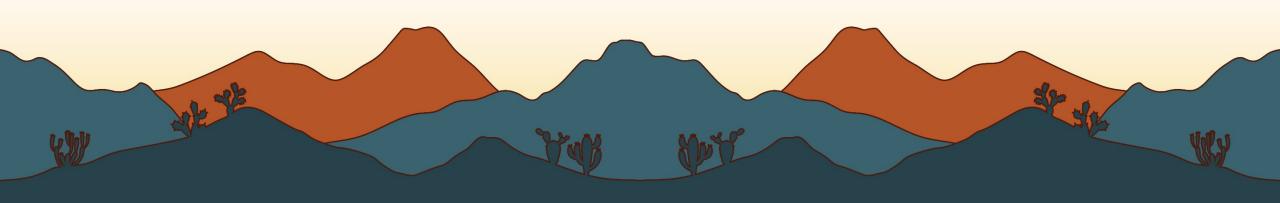


#### CONTEXT SETTING: DIVERSITY IN OUR SHOPS

- Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion
  - 78 percent believe their organizations value diversity and work to create an inclusive environment for staff from all backgrounds
  - 30 percent believe their leaders prioritize diversity, equity, and inclusion even among other pressing priorities
  - 24 percent believe their organization sets measurable goals related to diversity, equity, and inclusion and measures progress toward those goals







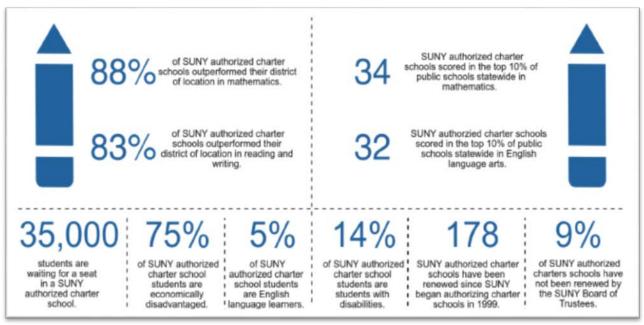
## **AUTHORIZING & DIVERSITY**

- New York State mandated targets for renewals (Article 56)
- Repeated failure to comply with the requirement to meet or exceed enrollment and
  retention targets of students with disabilities, English language learners, and students who
  are eligible applicants for the free and reduced price lunch program pursuant to targets
  established by the board of regents or the board of trustees of the state university of New
  York, as applicable.
- What this means: meeting district comparative targets for FRL, SWD and ELLs OR showing 'extensive efforts' to do so.





- How it's implemented depends on the authorizer
  - SUNY Charter Schools Institute: focus on demonstrating real efforts to meet targets.



- Board of Regents: focus on meeting the targets.
  - NYSED has strongly recommended that A Charter School change its lottery to give preference to students who receive free and reduced-price lunch and slowed its renewal.
  - NYSED wants the school to more closely mirror the demographics of the Rochester School District, which is about 90%, school's is currently 30%.

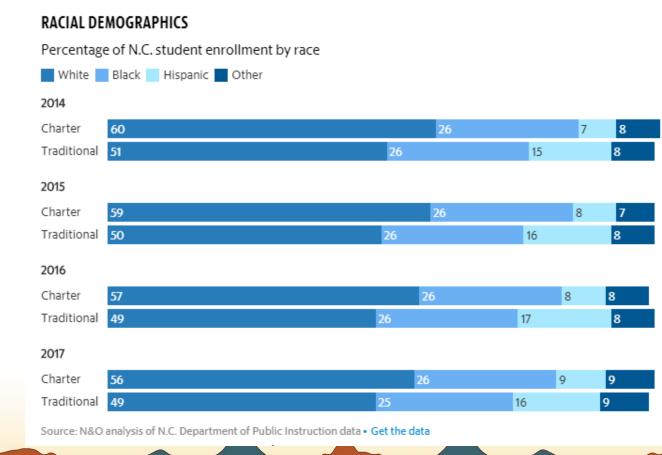


- North Carolina mandated targets
- Original 1996 state law, charters required that within one year of the schools opening, their populations would reflect the racial and ethnic composition of the school district.
- In 2013 law dropped the mandate so charters must "make efforts" to reflect the local school districts' racial and ethnic composition.



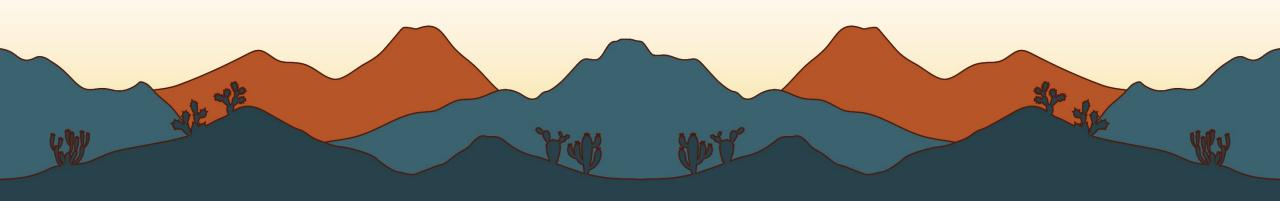


- How it's implemented by the State Board of Education:
- Charters do not receive capital funds to buy buses, many don't offer student transportation or free lunch.
- Information from the federal Title I program shows that 33% of students enrolled in charters in the 2016-2017 school year were low-income, compared to 53% in traditional public schools.





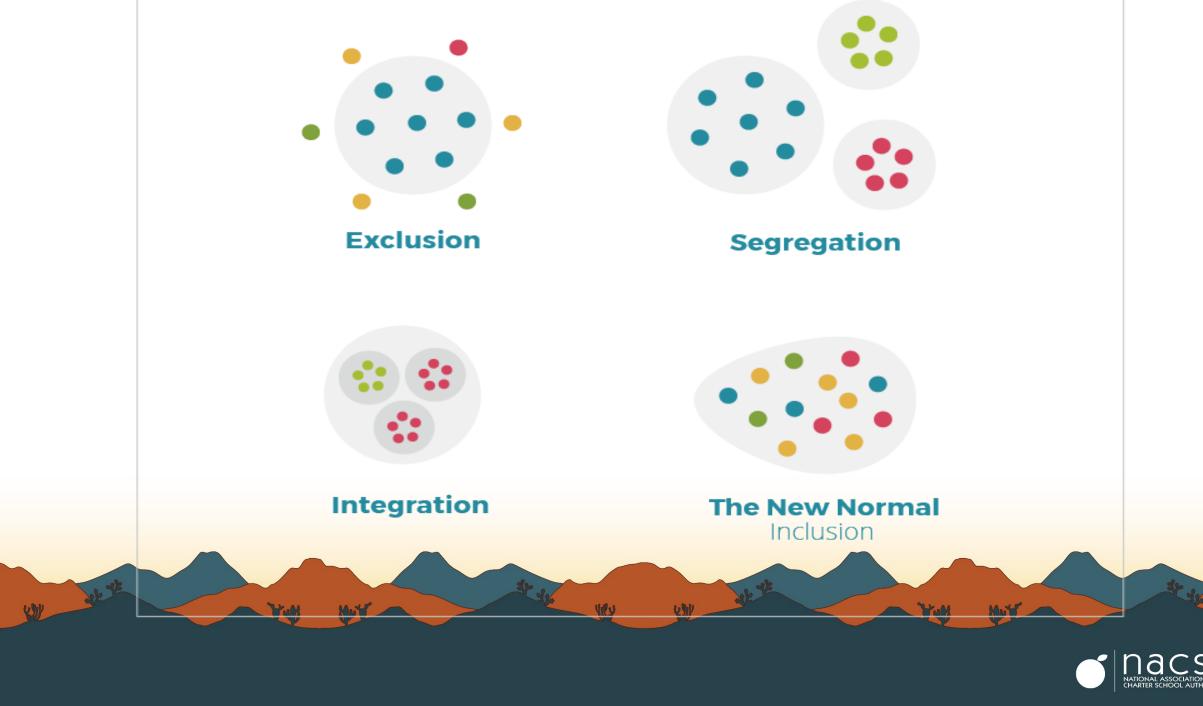




## **AUTHORIZING & DIVERSITY**

**BROADENING SUCCESS** 





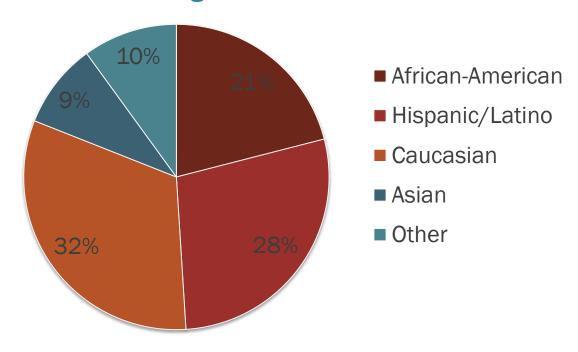
#### Our Schools: 2010-2017





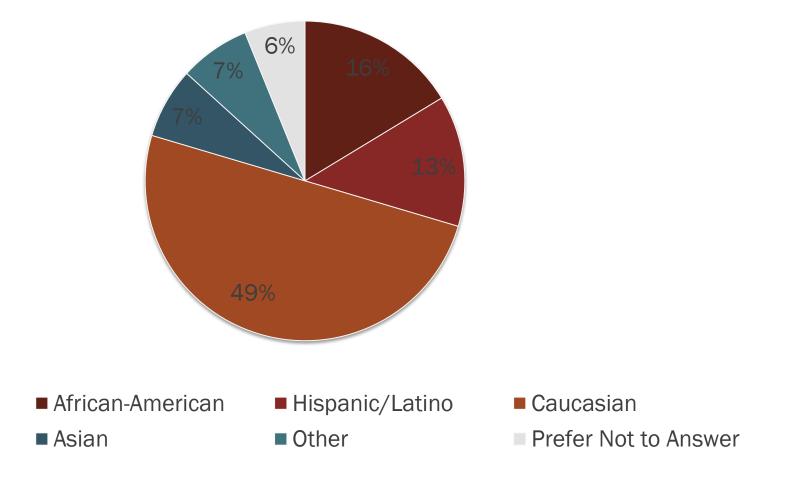
### Student Demographics

In the 2016-2017 school year, CWC served over 2,300 students in TK-7<sup>th</sup> grades



| Low-Income Families | Students with Disabilities | English Language<br>Learners |
|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 50%                 | 13%                        | 14%                          |

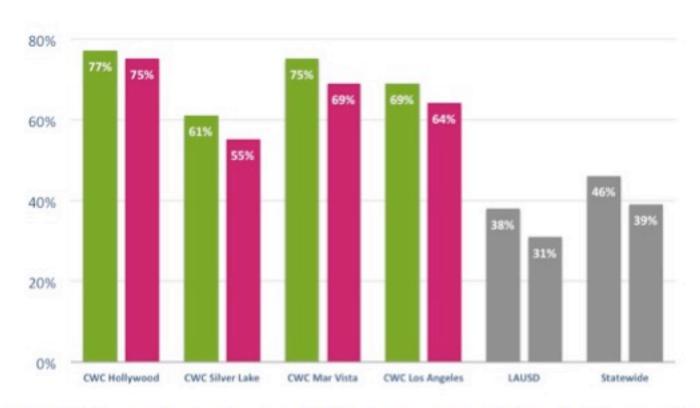
## Staff Demographics



Taken from a survey of all CWC school staff, with a response rate of 76%

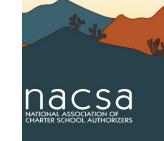
## **Student Performance: Los Angeles**

100%

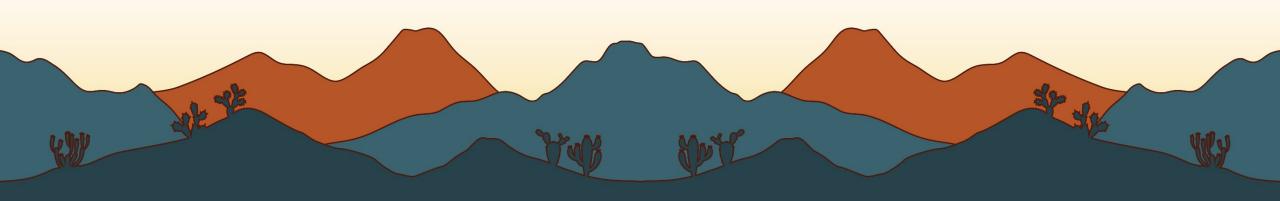


- ELA: CWC Compared to Los Angeles and California, percentage of Students Achieving Level 3 and 4
- MATH: CWC Compared to Los Angeles and California, percentage of Students Achieving Level 3 and 4









## **AUTHORIZING & DIVERSITY**

PRACTICE CHALLENGES: CONSULTANCY

#### Keep in Touch!

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